



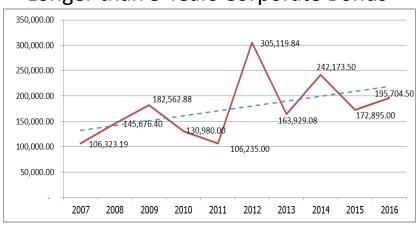
# **ASEAN Bond Market**

Developing Long-Term Finance for Growth
September 2016

# Section 1 Long-Term Fixed income Overview

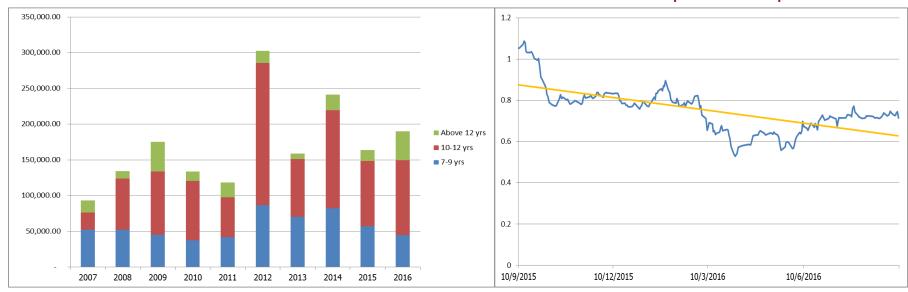
# THB Long-term Fixed Income Market Outlook (Supply)

## Longer than 5 Years Corporate Bonds



- Increasing trend for long-term issuance
- Changing in combination 10 12
   years become major for the long end
   and above 12 gain more share

Narrower tenure spread compare to 2015



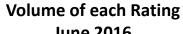
# **Target Investors**

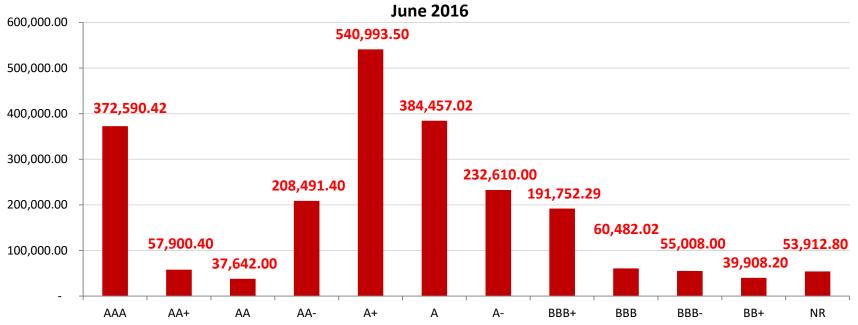
Thai institutional investors can be categorized into 4 different groups with different investment preferences:

- ❖ Mutual / Private Funds: Usually invest in shorter end of the curve with their investment horizon up to 5-year tenors (however most of them looking for 3-year tenors.
- ❖ Saving / Co-op: Usually invest in longer tenor with main focus on 5 − 7 years tenors
- ❖ Banks / Financial Institutions: Usually invest up to 7-year tenors depending on risk/return profile of their investments
- ❖ Issuance Companies: Focus on long tenor investment (7-year and above) to match their asset profile and gain high absolute return

Investor Groups	Mutual / Private Funds	Saving / Co-op	Banks / Financial Institutions	Issuance Companies
Preferred Tenors	Up to 5 years	5 – 7 years	Up to 7 years	7 years and above

# **Corporate Bond Market**





Number of issuers	11	5	4	13	16	13	21	16	14	15	5	52
Summary of Outstanding Value (THB mn)	372,590	57,900	37,642	208,491	540,994	384,457	232,610	191,752	60,482	55,008	39,908	53,913

# **Target Investors**

Thai investors would typically make their investment decisions based on parameters defined in their investment mandate:

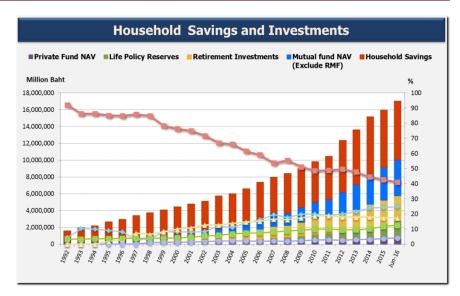
- ❖ Institutional Investors: Usually invest in investment grade: AAA, AA, A, BBB.
- Retail Investors: Usually invest in investment grade and some non investment grade: BBB, BB
- ❖ Hedge Funds: Focus on high yields so usually invest in non investment grade and default: B, C, D

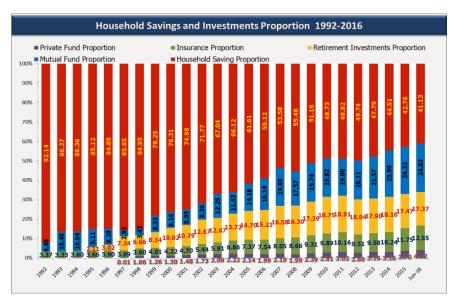
Credit Rating	Preferred Grade	Investor Groups	
AAA			
AA	Investment Grade	Institutional Investors	
Α	investment Grade		
ВВВ		Retail Investors	
ВВ			
В	Non – Investment Grade		
С		Hedge Funds	
D	Default		

# THB Long-term Fixed Income Market Outlook (Demand)

- Total saving still growth
- Household saving continuously growth at the decreasing rate
- Life policy reserve continue to gain higher portion and have strong growth in 2015

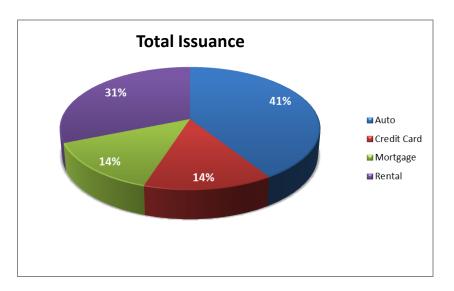
- Lifer is a major player for the long end fixed income market
- House hold become yield seeker

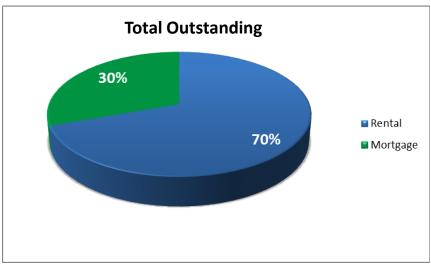




# **Section 2 Alternative Investment Via Securitization**

# **Securitization History**





	Total	Outstanding
Auto	31,540.00	-
Credit Card	10,775.00	-
Mortgage	10,660.00	8,975.14
Rental	23,999.90	20,499.90

- Total issuance are around THB80 bil.
- Auto loan enjoy biggest portion from past.
- Only rental and mortgage deal outstanding publicly present in the market (credit card deal is private sell to parent company)
- Only 2 issuers in the market DADSPV and SMC

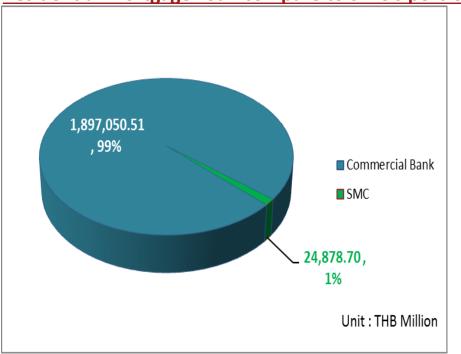
## Residential Mortgage Loan and Secondary Mortgage Opportunities

## **Residential Mortgage Loan Outstanding**



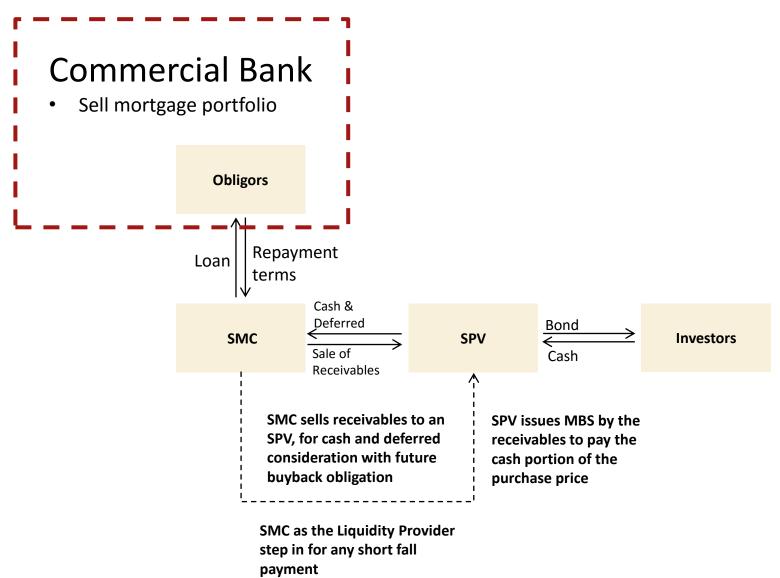
Source: Bank of Thailand

## Residential Mortgage Loan compare to SMC's portfolio



Source: Bank of Thailand, SMC

# **Transaction Structure – Set Up**



## **Past Securitization Obstacles**

Pricing for the first transaction is high compare to plain vanilla bond. Thai investors do not familiar with complex structure i.e. Fully Pass-through No investor for the equity tranche. The potential issuers (commercial banks) focused on asset growth strategy. High set-up cost i.e. Legal fee

# **Changing Credit RWA Principle**

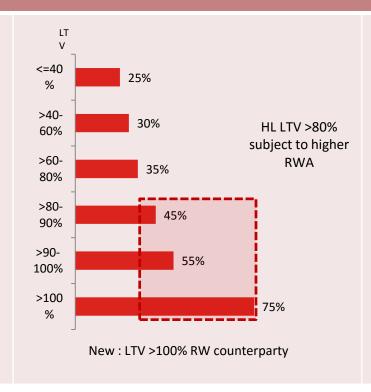
## Unused Credit Line, High LTV Home Loan & Equity Require More Capital

#### New BASEL Framework for Home Loan

# Higher RWA of "Home Loan"

### **Key message:**

"Low LTV, low risk



- Home loan with LTV >80% are subjected to higher %RWA
- %RWA from origination date

# **Securitization Development**

# Regulatory

- Introducing of new regulatory will encourage commercial banks to sell down their assets
- Upcoming Trust Law will allow transaction more flexible

## Market

- Investors become yield seeker in very low interest environment
- Market adoption (securitization will become more regular over time)

#### Assets

- Variety of asset classes
- Enlarge Assets Pool in term of tenure and diversification

#### Cost

Repeated transaction will allow cost to came down

# Case study SMC\_MBS

ThaiBMA Symbol	Rating	Issue Date	Spread on Issue Date	Issue Size (THB mln)	Issue Term (Yrs.)	Coupon (%)
MBSC16DA	AA-(sf)	25-Dec-1 <b>B</b>	130	1,500.00	3	4.28
MBSD199A	AA-(sf)	23-Sep-14	126	3,200.00	5	4.25
MBSE20NA	AA-(sf)	24-Nov-15	110	5,000.00	5	3.35

- Loner tenure
- Larger issue size
- Tighter Spread
- Schedule Amortization

## **Market trend**

- Longer tenure support by larger asset pool
- Larger amortization portion due to longer issuing term
- Tighter Spread overtime
- Fully Pass-through structure
  - Have to develop proper MTM model for Institution Investor
  - HNW investors are potential investors but need to improve their knowledge

## **Summary:**

- Long-term fixed income issuance growing both size and longer tenure mix.
- Long-term investors still have liquidity and willing to expose to longer tenure and/or more sophisticated assets to seek for return.
- Alternative investments i.e. Securitization, MBS etc. still have structural premium, but the trend is improving.
- With the new regulatory framework, commercial banks are encouraging to reconsider selling out some of their assets which will be a benefit for securitization instruments.
- Low interest rate environment and credit concentration in Thai bond market are positive factors for securitization paper.